



**THE SUMMARY REPORT
ON HUMAN RIGHTS
FOLLOW-UPS RESULTS OF
THE NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS
COMMISSION OF THAILAND
OF THE FISCAL YEAR
2021**

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The Regulation of the National Human Rights Commission on the follow-up of Human Rights Actions 2021 date February 23, 2021 article 24 with article 5 has determined that the Office of the National Human Rights Commission of Thailand (Office of the NHRCT) summarizes and analyzes the results of the follow-up on human rights actions that the National Human Rights Commission (NHRCT) has submitted to the National Assembly, the Cabinet, government, or private agencies Related are (1) appropriate measures or guidelines for preventing or rectifying human rights violations; (2) recommendations in the report on the results of the assessment of the country's human rights situation; (3) recommendations on measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights; including amendments and improvements to laws, rules, regulations or orders to be in line with human rights principles; (4) Suggestions for raising awareness of all sectors of society on the importance of human rights; (5) progress or results of grieving or blaming on behalf of the injured; (6) providing reparation to the injured from human rights violations in the case of NHRCT Human rights violations are found and action is urgently needed (7) proposals in annual performance reports (8) proposals in parallel reports under contracts to which Thailand is a party and has an obligation to comply prepared by the NHRCT; (9) proposals in the parallel report on the Universal Periodic Review of Thailand prepared by the NHRCT; and (10) other cases as determined by the NHRCT, by Summarizing and analyzing the results of the follow-up actions on human rights must at least consist of achievements, problems, obstacles and recommendations submitted to the NHRCT within forty-five days from the end of the fiscal year.

The Office of the NHRCT has compiled the results of the follow-up on human rights actions that the NHRCT has submitted to the National Assembly, the Council of Ministers, relevant government, and private agencies for the fiscal year 2021 to summarize and analyze the results of the follow-up on human rights performance of the NHRCT, which has recommendations under Article 5 of the National Human Rights Commission Regulations on Follow-up of Actions on Human Rights 2021, dated 23 February 2021, which has followed up on actions from government agencies and related agencies as follows:

1. Follow-up results on human rights actions of the NHRCT

The Office of the NHRCT has followed up on recommendations made by the NHRCT, which are effective from the National Assembly, the Cabinet, relevant government or private agencies, such as recommendations to prevent or correct human rights violations, including recommendations for the promotion and protection of human rights. Recommendations in the National Human Rights Situation Assessment Report, the proposal in a parallel report under the contract to which Thailand is a party and has an obligation to comply and other cases as prescribed by the NHRCT (proposal to amend the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission, B.E. 2521) summarized the key points as follows:

1.1 Recommendations on appropriate measures or guidelines for the prevention or resolution of human rights violations and recommendations for measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights including amendments and improvements to laws, rules, regulations, or orders to be in line with human rights principles

The Office of the NHRCT has followed up on the implementation of the NHRCT recommendations from the National Assembly, the Council of Ministers, or relevant government or private agencies following the regulations of the National Human Rights Commission on the follow-up of Human Rights Actions. 2021 under Article 5 (1), appropriate measures or guidelines for the prevention or remedy of human rights violations, and Article 5 (3), recommendations for measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights, including Amend and amend laws, rules, regulations or orders to be in line with human rights principles. In the fiscal year 2021, the results of the investigation report on human rights violations and proposed to the NHRCT meeting to consider cessation of the follow up results or disseminating reports or results to the general public, totaling 53 copies, 11 types of rights can be classified, all reports NHRCT resolved at the meeting. In the area of protection and human rights protection standards, end the follow-up of the implementation because it is the case that the Parliament Cabinet or government or private agencies involved 49 cases have been implemented according to the measures or guidelines or recommendations of the NHRCT; 3 cases are unable to proceed according to the measures or guidelines or recommendations of the NHRCT with reasonable reasons; 3 copies; According to the measures or guidelines or recommendations of the NHRCT, it will no longer be useful. The amount of 1 issue can be summarized and analyzed by the operation results, 11 rights issues as follows:

1) recommendations on community rights 22 issues: the NHRCT has suggestions on requesting the complained government agency suspends a project or reviews it or implements it following the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights to appoint a committee or working group that includes all relevant sectors, or has a mechanism in place to address it. Investigation of concrete human rights violations to urgently resolve issues organizing public hearings in the area and stakeholders, and taking into account the process of people's participation under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560 (2017) for people to access information in all dimensions; Establishing a mutual agreement between government agencies and people affected to determine common solutions to problems closely following and supervising the operations of the respondent under their powers, including suggesting remedies for those affected It proposed to consider supporting the urgent budget and made suggestions for the private sector to implement the principle of human rights due diligence in terms of risks and impacts from the performance of duties in respect of the business sector, including the determination of remedial measures for damage that may occur from business operations.

Results/achievements:

Relevant agencies have implemented recommendations from the NHRCT. For example, Nakhon Si Thammarat province has conducted a fact check to review the port construction project at Ao Talet or review the business license to establish a provincial working group to solve problems and monitor business operations Management of problems affecting the epidemic of black chin cichlids. The Department of Fisheries has expedited the elimination of the black-chinned cichlids and paid compensation to the affected farmers. The case of the Nong Dae dredging project and the case of Trang Palm Oil Company Limited solved problems and healed the complainants and those affected until they were satisfied, including in the case of government projects and the private sector held hearings. Stakeholder Engagement Process Related communities and people under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560, to access information both before and after the preparation of the environmental impact assessment report, etc.

In the case where the agency is unable to implement the recommendations of the NHRCT for reasonable reasons. For example, the NHRCT has suggested that the Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT) publish the progress of the operation. However, EGAT is unable to implement the recommendations of the NHRCT because it is pending clarity on determining the order and size of water resources development projects by the Republic of the Government of the Union of Myanmar to determine the direction of the development of such projects, or recommendations to the Ministry of Transport and the Marine Department to bring the study results and prepare an Environmental Impact Assessment (SEA) report at the

Strategic Level (SEA) for a coastal area development plan. Southern Sea to consider, but the Ministry of Transport has canceled the contract with a consulting firm that is the contracting party to terminate the project because UNESCO (UNESCO) has announced the area registration as a global geopark (Satun UNESCO Global Geopark) or in the case of the Marine Department to bring the results of the study of strategic impacts for the development of coastal areas in the south and the Southern Coastal Area Development Master Plan to accompany the study, review and preparation of the Environmental Impact Assessment Report under the jurisdiction but the Marine Department informed that it had hired a consulting engineering company to operate and assigned the company to use the recommendations of the NHRCT to use in considering the implementation of the said project or in the case of a concession certificate for a quarry project Limestone industry with recommendations to the agency to organize a public hearing for the affected people and set up measures to monitor and monitor the environmental impact strictly including a clear and fair approach to remedy the damage to the affected people which the agency has done before as required by law. Therefore, it is the case that the agency has implemented measures or guidelines that have the same effect as the recommendations of the NHRCT, etc.

2) Recommendations on rights in the justice process 9 issues:

NHRCT has recommendations to relevant agencies. For example, the Royal Thai Police to supervise investigators to comply with Royal Thai Police Order No. 419/2556 dated. On July 1, 2013, on the administration of justice in criminal cases Investigation and control measures, investigations, expediting criminal cases and have police officers study the manual on human rights practice that the NHRCT has prepared and published via www.nhrc.or.th to the Internal Security Operations Command, Region 4, the front part, shall consider repairing the damage to the petitioner, requesting the Council of Ministers to expedite resolution measures for the Department of Corrections to solve the problem of the number of inmates exceeding the capacity of the prison or correctional institution. As well as increasing the number of medical personnel to provide medical care for inmates both day and night, organizing training for correctional officers to know, and understand human rights. Including the fundamental principles related to standards of treatment of prisoners, the Cabinet should consider alternative judicial policies, such as diverting criminal cases from the mainstream justice system, which aims to reduce cases up to court and make victims more vulnerable. More damage healing and remedial healing process.

Results/achievements:

The relevant agencies have taken action according to the recommendations of the NHRCT by the Royal Thai Police has issued a letter to instruct the investigating officers to

complete the investigation as quickly as stipulated in the National Police order No. 419/2556 dated July 1, 2013, strictly and has informed relevant officials to study the manual of police officers following the human rights principles that the NHRCT has prepared and published via www.nhrc.or.th. The Internal Security Operations Command, Region 4, the front section has healed both physical and mental damage to the petitioner. The Cabinet by the Ministry of Justice accepts the recommendation of the NHRCT to study information and prepare a budget plan for both resources and personnel to determine the appropriate location for each type of inmate and to prepare a request for a budget to support the inmates to be accepted more comprehensive medical care. The Department of Corrections has always provided training courses for correctional officers to have knowledge and understanding of human rights and fundamental principles related to the standards of treatment of prisoners under the United Nations Minimum Requirements for the Treatment of Prisoners.

For consideration of alternative justice procedures, such as diversion of criminal cases from the current mainstream justice system has measures to divert criminal cases from justice. Important mainstream trends, such as the Rules of the Courts of Justice on Practice Guidelines for Dispute Mediation Before Prosecution B.E. 2562 (2019), Special Measures Instead of Criminal Prosecutions, Section 86 of the Juvenile and Family Court Act and the Juvenile and Family Trial Procedure B.E. 2553 (2010) and the Mediation Act 2019.

3) Recommendations on rights and liberties in life and body 7 issues:

NHRCT has recommendations for relevant agencies to investigate facts quickly and fairly and consider remedial for the injured, both physically and mentally, propose to the Department of Special Investigation (DSI) to accept the case of enforced disappearance as a special case without the need for a request and the Cabinet should expedite the consideration of the draft. The Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act, B.E. following Under the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Disappearance, Immigration Forces to establish a screening system to classify detainees and increase medical services to detainees follow the UN minimum standards.

Results/achievements:

Relevant agencies have taken action according to the recommendations of the NHRCT by examining the facts under the powers and duties to expedite the search for missing persons. Consider repairing the damage to the petitioner and the Cabinet has approved a bill on the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance, B.E. as proposed by the Ministry of Justice and to the Office of the Council of State for consideration. At present, the Secretariat of the House of Representatives has informed that the

recommendations of the NHRCT on the Anti-Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act B.E. for consideration.

As for the case, the Department of Special Investigation (DSI) accepts the case of enforced disappearance as a special case without having to have a request for the Department of Special Investigation to amend the NEC's announcement regarding the rules and procedures for request and propose to the OCSC to pass a resolution that any criminal case is a special case, 2018. As well, immigration establishes a screening system to classify detainees and increase that medical service. At present, there is a regulation of the Prime Minister's Office on the screening of aliens entering the Kingdom and unable to return to their domicile country 2019, effective on June 22, 2020, and the Immigration Medical Office has Immigration doctors and clergymen of the Ecclesiastical Foundation (Jesuits) regularly treat sick detainees, etc.

4) Recommendations on unfair discrimination against individuals 5 issues:

NHRCT has recommendations for government and private agencies to strictly comply with the law, enforce the law fairly and eliminate discrimination against a person because of gender or disability Proposal to cancel HIV testing before employment Asking the government to push forward the enactment of a law on discrimination against individuals and to mobilize all provinces to announce codes to promote equality and to eliminate unfair gender discrimination follow the Gender Equality Act B.E. 2558 (2015).

Results/achievements:

The private company (Respondent) has canceled HIV testing before hiring all employees. The Ministry of Public Health has instructed hospitals to conceal patient health information following medical ethics and the government by the Rights and Liberties Protection Department and has appointed a working group to draft the Elimination of Discrimination Act B.E. Ministry of Social Development and Human Security has taken steps to mobilize all provinces to proclaim codes to promote equality and to eliminate unfair gender discrimination under the Gender Equality Act B.E. 2558 (2015). As well as, cooperating with the Ministry of Interior to provide knowledge and understanding to entrepreneurs and employees of business establishments to realize the importance of providing services equally and without discrimination and fairness between sexes.

5) Recommendations on the rights of children 2 issues:

NHRCT have recommendations for the Ministry of Education commissions education personnel and provides training on how to treat children without violence and Suggest to the Cabinet to assign relevant agencies to manage education from preschool children up to the lower secondary level in temporary shelters and evacuation centers to have

appropriate standards accordingly The National Education Act, B.E. 2542 (1999) and the Compulsory Education Act, B.E. 2545 (2002).

Results/achievements:

The Ministry of Education has prepared a draft manual for the protection and assistance of students in educational institutions (development edition, B.E. 2563) to be used as an operational guideline for educational personnel and the Cabinet The Ministry of Interior has provided education from pre-school to secondary level within temporary shelters and evacuation centers covered by the Compulsory Education Act, B.E. 2545 (2002) and Section 54 of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560 Courses and standards of The National Education Act of 1999 because it was necessary to provide education under the Myanmar education curriculum so that children who have graduated in different grades can compare with the curriculum of Myanmar, which is the motherland.

6) Recommendations on the rights of persons in property 2 issues:

NHRCT has a suggestion for the Royal Irrigation Department to compensate the claimant's land that was used for the construction of Huai Fang Daeng Reservoir Ubon Ratchathani Province and the governor of Chaiyaphum Province, Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, and the Royal Irrigation Department together to expedite investigations and solve problems from the impact of the Prong Khun Phet Reservoir Construction Project Chaiyaphum, including compensation for those affected.

Results/achievements:

The Cabinet has passed a resolution on 2 July 2019 to approve compensation payments to people affected by the Huai Daeng Reservoir Construction Project total amount of 13,933,122.50 baht and related agencies have helped and alleviated the suffering from the Prong Khun Phet Reservoir Project. The Cabinet has passed a resolution to pay assistance for moving and relocation costs to those who have rights following the rules and appoint a working group to examine the properties and procure land. The case of the Prong Khun Phet Reservoir Project Chaiyaphum Province on January 31, 2020.

7) Recommendations on civil rights 2 issues:

NHRCT has recommendations for the Cabinet to expedite the consideration of a bill on the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance B.E. consistent with the content of the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance and the Royal Thai Police to supervise investigators to comply with Royal Thai Police Order No. 419/2556 on Administration of Justice in a criminal case Investigation and control measures, investigations, expedited criminal cases.

Results/Achievements:

The Cabinet has considered implementing the recommendations of the NHRCT on June 23, 2020, it passed a resolution approving a bill on the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Act of Disappearance, B.E. as proposed by the Ministry of Justice and to the Office of the Council of State for consideration. At present, the Office of the Secretariat of the House of Representatives informs that the recommendations of the NHRCT on the bill on the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act B.E. have been submitted to the Extraordinary Committee. to consider the draft law for consideration And the Royal Thai Police has urged agencies under its jurisdiction to allow investigators and police officers under the jurisdiction to perform their duties with caution and following the orders of National Police Office No. 419/2556.

8) Recommendations on land management rights 1 issue:

NHRCT has recommendations for the Navy and related agencies to consider allowing groups of people to live and work in the original area or allocate an appropriate area with appropriate remedies.

Results/Achievements:

The Royal Thai Navy and related agencies have a meeting with the Office of the Permanent Secretary, the Prime Minister's Office to resolve the issue, on April 24, 2019. It was concluded that the Navy is needed Urgently use the area according to the dispute, so Chachoengsao province Bang Nam Priao District and the Treasury Department operates Survey data on land intruders around the agricultural center Yodhaka Navy to screen those who deserve help, including the preparation of management plans and moving people out of the land. It will alleviate the suffering of the people who have been terminated the lease by allocating 3-5 rai of land for each family to live and about 10 rai of arable land, as well as a plan to relocate the people to live in a new land plot.

9) Recommendations on the rights of the elderly 1 issue:

NHRCT has a recommendation for the Department of Local Administration to consider implementing action for the elderly in prisons to receive the elderly's pension according to their rights.

Results/Achievements:

The Department of Local Administration issued a letter to the provincial governor. All provinces concerning the guidelines for receiving a pension for the elderly by requiring the elderly in prison / correctional institutions to authorize the prison commander to register and submit the request for registration of the pension to the local administrative organization

according to their domicile or at The prison is located and the Department of Corrections has issued a notice of the prison/ correctional facility, detention facility, and detention facility to rehearse the guidelines for the elderly in prisons entitled to the elderly's pension.

10) Recommendations on freedom of religion 1 issue :

NHRCT has suggested that the Chiang Mai governor expedite the investigation and make the communities aware of the freedom of religion as certified and protected in the Constitution, including finding a way to consider or screen any rules or regulations issued by the community to prevent the rules or regulations issued that are against the rules. Law and Human Rights and the Fang Sheriff to organize a dialogue with community leaders and community people who have disputes on the issue of freedom of religion.

Results/Achievements:

Chiang Mai Province assigned Fang District to investigate the facts and arrange a meeting to clarify, build an understanding for those involved in the community to know the rights under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, and this meeting disputed communities by community leaders community committees and village people. Both Buddhists and Christians have jointly reviewed the original agreement and came up with an agreement on a new guideline for Christian community activities until the end of all parties.

11) Rights and Person Status 1 issue: NHRCT has recommendations for the Council of Ministers to formulate guidelines and protect ethnic groups in Thailand so that they can coexist peacefully. and maintain identity without violation of human rights.

Results/Achievements:

Cabinet by relevant agencies has solved the problem. In the case of Sakai or Mani ethnic groups within the framework of the law, such as the granting of basic rights to public health, educational rights, currently the government has assigned the Sirindhorn Anthropology Center. (Public Organization) is the main agency. In preparing the draft Act on Promotion and Conservation of Ethnic Lifestyles B.E. to solve ethnic problems systematically.

The Office of the NHRCT considers that the relevant agencies have taken action following or under the recommendations of the NHRCT. Although some government agencies may not be able to comply with the recommendations of the NHRCT there is a justifiable reason. All 53 reports have been approved to end the follow-up actions under the Regulation of the National Human Rights Commission on Criteria and Procedures for Investigating Violations of Human Rights B.E. 2561 (2018), Article 42, and Regulations. The National Human Rights Commission on the follow-up of Human Rights Actions, B.E. 2564 (2021), Article 22, have all been completed. Investigation of violations of community rights and the rights of justice

in connection with the Royal Thai Police, including discrimination against HIV-infected people in the police service that should be presented to the NHRCT for consideration as follows:

Community rights

Reports on community rights 9 issues that NHRCT has made recommendations on the need for government agencies and the private sector supports the process of public participation by organizing a public hearing in the area and stakeholders who have been responsive to suggestions from all relevant agencies. This is because the public participation guidelines are part of the environmental impact reporting process, which the Office of Natural Resources and Environmental Policy and Planning requires projects or activities to be created for applying for a license from the government. For small projects that do not require an environmental impact report, the NHRCT has suggested to relevant agencies hold public hearings in the area because it is an integrated solution by providing opportunities for stakeholders and people in the area came to express their opinions. However, it was found that there are still issues of complaints about the process of participating in natural resource management or project implementation that affect the environment and people to the NHRCT continuously. In addition, the public hearing is not specifically enforced in the form of central law. There is only the regulation of the Prime Minister's Office on public hearings B.E. 2548 only. Therefore, it is advisable to consider studying to make recommendations, measures, or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights. As well as amendments and improvements to laws, rules, regulations or orders to ensure compliance with human rights principles on issues related to the process of participation in project management, health impact assessments, natural resources, and environment.

Unfair discrimination against individuals

Discrimination against HIV-infected persons in the police service is Report No. 413/2562, the case claiming that the SEC Rules on Qualifications and Prohibitions of Being a Police Officer B.E. 2547. This is a matter that the petitioner has filed a complaint with the NHRCT under petition No. 168/2561 dated November 2, 2018, asking to investigate the case claiming that the petitioner is the director of the Foundation for the Protection of AIDS Rights. Received a complaint from Mr. Sor, the heir of the police officer who died due to the performance of official duties has applied for and been selected to be appointed as a commissioned police officer. but did not pass the physical examination according to the SEC rules on qualifications and prohibited characteristics of being a police officer, BE 2547 and was refused to recruit due to being infected with HIV considered that the Police Forensic Office The Royal Thai Police has carried out an HIV test as part of the recruitment process for recruiting as a police officer and using the test results as a reason for refusing to appoint Mr. Sor as a

police officer. Police officials are discriminatory against Mr. Sor because he is HIV-positive which is by other status and is inconsistent with the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2560 and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) which is a contract. Regarding human rights that Thailand is a party and must comply with human rights violations against Mr. Sor, the NHRCT has one suggestion for the Royal Thai Police to consider amending the SEC rules that With the qualifications and prohibited characteristics of being a police officer, 2004 and a list of diseases or symptoms that should not be a police official under Article 2 (14) attached to the SEC Rules on Qualifications and Prohibited Characteristics of being a Police Officer in Article 11.8.5 to prevent selection. The Royal Thai Police later informed that the SEC rules set appropriate rules as necessary following the roles and duties of police officers within the scope of the law. It is not discrimination unfairly due to differences in health or fitness in any way. Consequently, it was resolved to maintain AIDS in the SEC Rules on Qualifications and Prohibitions of Being a Police Officer B.E. 2547.

Subsequently, the NHRCT, at the meeting on the protection and standards of human rights protection no. 38/2564 (13) dated 7 September 2021, passed a resolution to end the follow-up of the implementation and to coordinate with various agencies to continue to push this issue, such as publishing and producing reports. In this case, Ms. Sayamon Kaiyurawong, National Human Rights Commissioner, and officials from the Office of the NHRCT met and exchanged views with Mr. Surachai Phuprasert. Deputy Secretary-General to the Prime Minister for Political Affairs on October 14, 2021, at the Government House Command Building. It was noted that the NHRCT report has general recommendations. It did not specify the field of police officers that might consider exempting HIV testing. It is part of the process of selecting persons to be appointed as police officers and may cause the Royal Thai Police to continue to confirm the resolution to maintain AIDS in the SEC rules on qualifications and prohibited characteristics of Being a police officer in 2004 without conditions, it was considered to be considered in the case of HIV testing. As part of the process of selecting persons to be appointed as police officers to study in detail including other civil servants (if any), which may consider studying the case of foreign countries as well and making recommendations for amendments and improvements to laws, rules, regulations or orders to be in line with human rights principles to the Cabinet or relevant agencies.

1.2 Suggestions in the National Human Rights Situation Assessment Report for 2020

1) Human Rights in Specific Circumstances

1.1) The situation of the epidemic of COVID-19

The NHRCT has recommendations to the government and related agencies to expedite action on solving the unemployment problem in the long term, establish comprehensive, and comprehensive remedial measures provide COVID-19 vaccines to persons at risk, both locally and by occupation, who may be in contact with COVID-19 patients or those with health vulnerabilities to access the vaccine without discrimination, vigorously implementing law enforcement efforts to solve the problem of smuggling illegal workers into the country and opening casinos throughout the country and providing Information to create knowledge and understanding for people to avoid stigmatization, stereotypes, and discrimination to those affected by the epidemic.

Results/Achievements:

Recommendations on unemployment resolution and remedial assistance. The NHRCT was informed of the results from the Center for Epidemic Situation Administration of the coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19) or CDC that the Prime Minister as the Director of the Administrative Center of the epidemic situation of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Covid-19) has been ordered by the Office of the Development Council national economy and society Ministry of Interior and Ministry of Social Development and Human Security Implemented the recommendations of the NHRCT by having local agencies go to the area to survey those who are still missing or have no access to government aid and remedy measures and have been notified by the Ministry of Labor that measures to assist and to alleviate the impacts on entrepreneurs and workers of all nationalities thoroughly and equally under the applicable law.

Recommendations on the procurement of the COVID-19 vaccine, including the provision of information to create awareness among the public to avoid stigmatization, stereotypes, and discrimination against those who receive it. The impact of the epidemic of the disease, the Office of the NHRCT has been notified of the results from the Situation Administration Center the epidemic of coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19) by the Ministry of Public Health has a plan to distribute injections. Vaccines are given to all groups of people, which are divided into 3 phases: Phase 1 for medical personnel, the elderly, and people with congenital disease, Phase 2 for tourism service workers, and Phase 3 for general people. Public relations to educate understanding of vaccines and the procedure for people to report their intentions for vaccination through the application Line and doctor application ready and public relations through various media, including letting village health volunteers (VHVs)

survey, make appointments and provide information. In addition, a team of personnel, materials, equipment, and places have been prepared to support vaccination to be convenient. It is not crowded and serves both public and private hospitals. Mobile vaccination services for vulnerable and underprivileged people such as nursing homes for the elderly, compassionate homes, the disabled, etc. As well as, the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Covid-19) Situation Administration Center by the Ministry of Public Health has measures awareness campaign Knowledge and understanding about the epidemic of COVID-19 through various forms of public relations media, campaigning for people to maintain social distance by CDC Informing that it has been carried out under appropriateness, following laws, regulations to raise awareness and reduce panic and promote proper self-care at an international level according to the World Health Organization guidelines. It has also issued guidelines for preventing and solving social stigma related to COVID-19.

Suggestions on Legal Actions Against Illegal Labor Smuggling Entering the country and opening a casino. The NHRCT office has been notified of the results of the operation from the Office of the Commission Prevention and suppression of corruption in the government sector (Office of P.O.A.) and the Emergency Situation Action Center. In terms of security (CSO), it can be concluded that it has acted under its powers and duties. A committee has been set up to investigate the commission of offenses in the case of gambling establishments causing the epidemic of coronavirus disease 2019 according to the Prime Minister's Office Order No. 4/2521 dated January 14, 2021, and has posted Disciplinary action against government officials related to illegal acts in such cases and the Security Emergency Situation Action Center (CSO) has intercepted illegal immigration, emphasizing the area's supervision and integration cooperate with various government agencies, including land, waterways, and seas, using special tools to enhance the efficiency of follow-up, such as CCTV, to increase the staff's strength in preventing and suppressing illegal labor smuggling and taking care of the area in the epidemic situation Integrate with people in the area for the people Report a smuggling clue.

The Office of the NHRCT considers that relevant agencies have established measures, work plans, and proceeded under the recommendations of the NHRCT. NHRCT made a recommendation No. 5/2564 dated September 14, 2021, regarding the proposal. Recommend measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights In the case of human rights impacts from the Covid-19 epidemic situation, to the Cabinet according to the letter No. 0003/81 dated October 7, 2021, and is pending the results.

1.2) The situation of political rallies among students, undergraduates, and the public

The NHRCT has recommendations to the government, the cabinet, and related agencies to consider and find a solution to the situation of political rallies, namely, to facilitate people to exercise their freedom to assemble peacefully. as well as protecting the protester's Public health officials, media, and the general public, have urged government officials to exercise extreme caution in maintaining legal order under international standards and to avoid using force against peaceful and unarmed gatherings the 10 Principles for the Management of Proper Assembly, developed by the United Nations Special Rapporteur on the Right to Freedom of Assembly and Peaceful Assembly, shall be applied as a guideline for the relevant government agencies to implement the law of the United Nations Police officers in arresting or detaining persons are strictly stipulated in the law to find channels or have a forum to discuss and seriously resolve issues together and consider the guidelines and criteria for helping and healing those affected by the political rallies in 2020.

Results/Achievements:

The Office of the NHRCT has been notified of the results from the Cabinet and related agencies are not yet complete which is in the process of follow-up the results. Regarding the situation of political rallies, several proposals were made to the Cabinet and relevant agencies. There are responsible agencies in the Office of the NHRCT, namely the Office of Human Rights Situation Surveillance and Assessment, Human Rights Protection Bureau, and Human Rights Respect Promotion Office.

2) Civil and Political Rights

2.1) Recommendations on rights in the justice process, namely asking to study and analyze the factors that hinder people in accessing various rights in the justice process from requests for assistance received under the Compensation, victims and Compensation Act; Expenses to the defendants in criminal cases, 2001 and through the Justice Fund Please expedite the conclusion of the study on solutions to the problem of overcrowded prisons. Including improving the use of methods of service in the public interest instead of detention instead of fines, and the adoption of alternative measures instead of imprisonment.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Justice by the Rights and Liberties Protection Department is in the process of amending the Draft Compensation for Victims and Compensation and Expenses to Defendants in Criminal Cases, 2001 to reduce barriers to accessing rights in the justice process, such as expanding period for submitting applications for compensation for the injured

and compensation and expenses to the accused and defendant in criminal cases by providing an example of a case that can provide urgent assistance Methods and conditions for helping victims of human rights violations or those affected by human rights violations (No. 2), B.E. 2564, which amends those who have suffered damage to life, body, mind or freedom from violations by officials or other government agencies. One has the right to submit a request for assistance under the conditions set by the Justice Fund to provide more comprehensive assistance to people who have been violated human rights. The Department of Probation has used electronic tracking devices (EM) as an alternative measure to jail terms against probation under Section 56 of the Penal Code. must be imprisoned and those examined accordingly Drug Addiction Rehabilitation Act, B.E. 2545, including the Department of Corrections, requested a royal pardon to well-behaved inmates' non-serious charges and using parole, which resulted in the number of prisoners from the original 367,993 being reduced to 310,830. In addition, the mediation process was carried out. Disputes under the Conciliation Act B.E. 2562, at present, 82 government mediation centers have been established and 26 people have been trained to be mediators.

2.2) Recommendations on the act of torture forcibly lost and human rights defenders, namely asking to expedite the process of considering the bill on the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Acts of Enforced Disappearance B.E. ask the government to delegate relevant agencies to raise awareness of the importance of preventing torture and enforced disappearances for law enforcement officers at all levels and training on human rights related to the performance of duties should be provided to officers. to have an assessment Health problem or the readiness of the physical and mental state of those who regularly train in courses, such as conscripts and special tactical course students requested to expedite the complaint handling committee in cases of torture and forced disappearance to deal with complaints that are still in the process of searching and investigating promptly.

Results/Achievements:

The Secretariat of the House of Representatives has a letter notifying that the recommendations of the NHRCT on the draft Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act B.E. were submitted to the Extraordinary Committee to consider the draft for consideration and the Ministry Justice has stated that it has continuously raised awareness of the importance of preventing torture and enforced disappearances among law enforcement officials. Including the preparation of online teaching materials, public relations media release the essence of the Convention against Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment, or punishment and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance through the Public Relations Channel of the Rights and Liberties Protection Department. The Department of Justice is working on

pending complaints and prompt investigations and remedies for victims and their families by the Subcommittee on the Follow-up and Investigation of Torture and Enforced Disappearance and the Compromise on Torture and Enforced Disappearance Subcommittee. The Department of Rights and Liberties Protection is in the process of proposing to amend the Draft Witness Protection in Criminal Cases Act (No. ..) B.E. and law improvement measures Strategic prosecution measures to suppress public participation (Anti-SLAPP Law) as a database to develop appropriate and concrete guidelines. As for the results of other recommendations, the Office of the NHRCT has not yet been notified by the relevant agencies.

2.3) Recommendations on the situation in the Southern Border Provinces, namely asking to review the necessity of continually implementing security laws in the Southern Border Provinces; Please continually provide training and education to law enforcement officers on the performance of duties that respect human rights, requesting various measures to be taken to resolve the situation in the southern border provinces that may affect rights It should be based on the principles of law and non-discrimination and to create an understanding of the people in the area. Focus on the psychological healing of those affected and career promotion for women who have lost their heads of the family.

Results/Achievements:

The Office of the National Security Council has a letter notifying that has continuously reviewed the need for security laws in the area and has reduced the declared area Serious Emergency Situations According to the Emergency Decree on Public Administration in Emergency Situations B.E. 2548 Government officials who serve the people, teachers, students, mass media in the area, amounting to 5 courses. In 2020, 3,152 people were attending the training course. Ministry of Justice has organized training to educate the officers who work with the Institute of Forensic Science in the Southern Border Provinces continuously to have knowledge and understanding of the forensic science process to support security work. by focusing on operating under the framework of authority. The Ministry of Justice has focused on integrating with both internal and external agencies and promoting public participation injustice to develop laws and services that are in line with the way of life and culture of the local people. which provides the legal knowledge and acts as a medium to create a better understanding between the government and the people. Including promoting the development of the justice system according to Islamic law In this regard, the Ministry of Justice has assessed the confidence of people in the southern border provinces towards the ministry's administration of justice since 2017, which has improved respectively. In 2020, there was a confidence assessment of 86.55 percent. The Office of the National Security Council has driven the action plan on the prevention and resolution of unrest in the southern border provinces (B.E. 2562-2564) and is in the process of preparing a draft policy for the

administration and development of the southern border provinces (B.E. 2564-2566), which has given importance to the judicial process and remedies.

2.4) Recommendations on the death penalty namely, asking for the abolition of the death penalty with gradual steps Consider reviewing the penalties for crimes in the various laws to abolish the death penalty for offenses that do not conform to the scope and interpretation of the term "aggravated case" in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. (International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights: ICCPR) and continually proactively educate Thai society on the death penalty.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Justice, through the Office of Justice Affairs, has taken policy actions to publicize and create awareness among people to change their attitudes about the use of the death penalty and to consider amendments to the law. Currently in the process of holding a public hearing Responsible agency to consider amending the provisions to adjust the rate of punishment for offenses with the death penalty for 11 offenses from 4 laws, namely the Criminal Code, the Military Penal Code, the Air Navigation Act, B.E. 2548 and the Narcotic Drug Act, B.E. 2522 (1979) and amended to be "death penalty or life imprisonment" so that the court can exercise its discretion in considering the punishment. As well as have set a field hearing in 3 provinces, namely Chiang Mai Province Khon Kaen, and Songkhla Province by collecting the results of the hearing to prepare a report on the results of operations and draft legislation to improve the death penalty proposed to the development committee of the National Justice Administration considers.

For a recommendation to reconsider the penalties for crimes in the various laws to abolish the death penalty for offenses that do not conform to the scope and interpretation of the term "death penalty". The NHRCT has not yet been informed of the results of the action from the relevant agencies.

2.5) Recommendations on freedom of expression and freedom of the press, namely asking for guidelines to supervise the media's performance in case of news presentation or media reporting methods. taking into account the special duty to respect the rights or reputation of other people and must take into account the maintenance of national security or order public health or public morals. Including the determination of measures to limit freedom. The presentation of news in an emergency that poses a threat to the public can be achieved by that measure must comply with the restriction of rights in emergencies under Article 4 of the ICCPR.

Results/Achievements:

The Office of the NHRCT has not yet received notification of results from relevant agencies. The Office of the NHRCT believes that most of the operational guidelines or results of the relevant government agencies reported to the Office of the NHRCT are consistent with the recommendations of the NHRCT, such as actions to improve the Draft Compensation for Victims and compensation and expenses to the defendants in criminal cases, 2001 by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection Approaches to reducing prison overcrowding by using electronic tracking devices (EM) as an alternative measure to imprisonment for probation and the implementation of the mediation process according to the Mediation Act B.E. 2562 by the Department of Probation. The process of enacting the Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act, B.E.... an ongoing review of the need for local security legislation has been carried out by the Office of the Security Council. Driving the Action Plan on Prevention and Solving Unrest in the Southern Border Provinces (B.E. 2562-2565) and the drafting of the administration and development policy of the Southern Border Provinces (B.E. 2564 - 2566) The Office of the National Security Council takes action to publicize and create awareness among people to change attitudes about the use of the death penalty and to consider amendments to the law by the Office of Justice Affairs, determining measures to provide assistance and mitigation to entrepreneurs and workers of all nationalities and equally under the law supporting the epidemic situation of the Coronavirus Disease 2019, etc.

3) Economic, social and cultural rights 20 issues

The NHRCT has recommendations to the government and related agencies with the following results:

3.1) Recommendations on labor rights and social protection, namely to expedite the determination of measures or guidelines to solve the problem of unemployment in the long term to promote and educate labor groups on legal benefits Labor and complaint channels To expedite the consideration and amendment of the provisions of Section 11/1 of the Labor Protection Act B.E. 2541 and expedite the drafting of the Act on Promotion and Development of the Quality of Life of Informal Workers B.E. ... to explore problems and solve problems for migrant workers who may not have access to the protection of labor law and make migrant workers have a better understanding of labor law and to organize a consultation process to bring information, facts, and opinions of civil society directly involved in fisheries workers into consideration in the preparation of the law.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Labor has driven human rights work by using the mechanism for the Human Rights Action Plan of the Ministry of Labor for the year 2021 - 2022 under the 4th National Human Rights Plan, which has projects/activities consistent with the said human rights plan and is ready to apply relevant recommendations to improve the efficiency of human rights operations. On the issue of labor rights about the epidemic of coronavirus disease 2019, the Ministry of Labor has determined Measures to provide assistance and mitigation to entrepreneurs and workers of all nationalities and equally under applicable law.

In the case of subcontracting services in government agencies, the Office of the NHRCT is in the process of follow-up the progress of solving the problems from the OCSC.

3.2) Recommendations on the right to health, namely promoting people's access to universal health services, creating understanding among private entrepreneurs to eliminate discrimination against people living with HIV in employment. Establish measures to prevent healthcare facilities or engage in disclosing health information of people living with HIV without their consent to consider measures to address ongoing health problems from the past year, such as mental health problems, and commit suicide by taking proactive actions. The problem of dust that is still beyond standards, etc., provides information to the public about the correct use of medical marijuana. Including both the positive and negative effects of chemical pesticides and pesticides.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Public Health has acknowledged the recommendations related to the Ministry of Public Health and will consider them for implementation. The Ministry of Justice by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection has hired a consultant from Thammasat University to study the guidelines for drafting the elimination law treat people to study the promotion measures Prevent discrimination against individuals and heal those affected by discrimination against individuals. This includes those with HIV. When the consultant has completed the study of the draft law, he will listen to opinions from relevant agencies in all sectors to comply with the procedures accordingly. Act on Criteria for Draft Laws and Legal Achievement Assessment Act, B.E. 2562, Ministry of Justice The Office of the Narcotics Control Board has created awareness of the use of medical marijuana by supporting cannabis research Creating a journal related to cannabis and producing various media such as infographics, a speech series to promote knowledge about marijuana Addictive plant knowledge book to create Raise awareness about the uses of medical marijuana.

3.3) Recommendations on the right to education, namely, to study the problem of inaccessibility to education the basics of the school-age population and there are measures to solve the problem of students dropping out of school to support the Continuing the work of the Student Loan Fund and the Education Equity Fund Determine policies that affect the improvement and development of educational quality by creating a mechanism for collaboration between relevant agencies at both the basic and higher education levels. Including allowing students and educational personnel at all levels to participate.

Results/Achievements:

The Office of the NHRCT has not yet received notification of results from relevant agencies.

3.4) Recommendations on community rights in natural resource and environmental management, namely amend or amend existing laws to ensure community rights in the management, maintenance, and real utilization of natural resources and the environment Cabinet Resolution on 3 August 2010 on Policy Guidelines for Restoring the Karen Lifestyle and Cabinet Resolution on 2 June 2010 on Restoring the Villager Way of Life to be under the objectives and intent of protecting ethnic groups seriously concerning the participation of individuals and communities affected by government or government-approved programs.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment did not object to the overall recommendation but was not informed of the results of the recommendations.

3.5) Recommendations on business and human rights, namely to expedite all agencies with duties to seriously implement the National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights within the specified timeframe to publicize action plan and guiding principles by expanding the target group to various types of business sectors more broadly to provide a guideline to create incentives for business organizations that have adopted the guiding principles to be used in business operations.

Results/Achievements:

For National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights, the Ministry of Justice has periodically held meetings to drive the Action Plan. The Action Plan last year met with the executives and relevant officers to discuss and understand the essence and roles of the agencies under the Action Plan to prepare a course on business processes and human rights. Organize training for agencies Prepare an integrated annual plan for relevant agencies to consider Guidelines for the implementation of projects or activities that will support the

implementation of the action plan. Including establishing an information technology system to monitor the implementation of the Action Plan. Currently, it is in the process of follow-up the performance according to the 2020 Action Plan from relevant agencies to prepare an evaluation report on the implementation of the Action Plan to propose to the Cabinet for acknowledgment and dissemination to the public. Rights and Liberties Protection Department of the Ministry of Justice have joined forces with the Global Compact Network Thailand (GCNT), the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) to discuss the establishment of a Business and Human Rights Institute. Rights Academy), including creating courses to train business and human rights issues which have organized training in the 1st generation according to the aforementioned course in December 2020 for expanding the results of applying the guiding principles to use in the business group. Department of Business Development informed that it can help publicize the business that registered the juristic person to know and implement it voluntarily. Rights and Liberties Protection Department of the Ministry of Justice have studied the incentives for businesses and state enterprises to respect human rights principles and follow the action plan by a comparative study of foreign guidelines and meeting with government enterprises and businesses to find out the needs and use it as a database for studying and developing measures suitable for the Thai context. When this is done, it will be proposed to the Cabinet to determine further concrete measures. In addition, the Rights and Liberties Protection Department has been running a model organization on human rights since 2019, to encourage governments, state enterprises, and businesses of all sizes. Operate based on human rights principles and to be a model for transferring knowledge and experiences in human rights operations to various agencies to apply, the Ministry of Commerce stipulates criteria for the Department of International Trade Promotion's Thailand Trust Mark to be consistent with the principles already advised.

The office of the NHRCT believes that the operational guidelines or results of the relevant government agencies. Most of the reports to the Office of the NHRCT are consistent with the recommendations of the NHRCT, such as driving human rights by using the mechanism of the Human Rights Action Plan of the Ministry of Labor for the year 2021 - 2022 by the Ministry of Labor Actions to draft a law eliminating discrimination against individuals by the Rights and Liberties Protection Department, creating awareness of the use of medical marijuana by the Office of the Defense and Human Rights Commission anti-narcotics National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights by the Ministry of Justice, etc.

4) The human rights of the group of persons, amounting to 26 issues

NHRCT has recommendations to the government and related agencies. The results can be summarized as follows:

4.1) Recommendations on the rights of the child, namely, accelerating the drafting of the Early Childhood Development Plan B.E. 2563 - 2570 should be carried out under the goals of the Southern Border Provinces Development Strategic Plan B.E. 2563 - 2565 in making the southern border provinces a measles-free area, there are measures to solve the problem. Early Childhood Violence and Sexual Harassment Violence Against Children in Schools Educating about the effects of early pregnancy Safe sex and knowledge on how to protect yourself from STIs should consider student complaints. Students, the Ministry of Education, and relevant agencies should consider this to address the demands of children and youth in the assembly that have not yet been resolved.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Public Health provides public health services for children and women who have been subjected to violence. Including women with unwanted pregnancy can receive treatment and counseling at the Dependency Center in the central hospital general hospital and community hospitals under the Office of the Permanent Secretary Nationwide public health and provide additional information on child protection cases in the judicial process that inspection services are Assessing the age of the child in lawsuits in the case where a child is assisted by a victim of human trafficking and is punished for the commission of an offense; without knowing the actual age of the child. As for the results of other recommendations, the Office of the NHRCT has not yet been notified by the relevant agencies.

4.2) Recommendations on the rights of the elderly, namely giving importance to the elderly who have obstacles in accessing various rights, such as the elderly with low incomes or informal workers to accelerate the implementation of measures to drive An aging society, Thai people live in 4 dimensions (economic, environment, health and society) that the Cabinet has given to agree to be a framework for the implementation of each agency to consider decentralization to the organization Local governments play a role in caring for the quality of life of the elderly. Consider measures for the elderly who unable to help themselves and the elderly in remote areas receive comprehensive health care measures to promote knowledge Understanding the conditions and rights of the elderly for the pre-aged and elderly family members, consider using a state-wide volunteer network to protect the homeless being violent or has been violated.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Finance provides additional information on the royal revisions. A decree issued under the Revenue Code governing tax exemption (No. 639), B.E. 2560, to increase the rate of wages for the elderly that can be used for tax exemption from no more than 15,000 baht per person per month that such rates are appropriate under the average wage of the elderly who work at 11,532 baht per person per month. and wage rate Such elderly people are in line with the government's objectives to promote employment of unskilled elderly workers. To improve such wage rates, the fiscal and economic situation at that time should be taken into account. Ministry of Social Development and Human Security The Department of Elderly Affairs informed that the issue of access to housing for the elderly, the National Housing Authority has implemented a project that supports Promoting and protecting the rights of the elderly in housing, including the housing improvement project for the elderly who are low-income and needy of the National Housing Authority (Baan Sabai for Grandma's) Year 2020, the project for renting houses for low-income people "House of Housing Sukpracha". Housing project for retired junior civil servants "Baan Sukkasem", a residential project for people with disabilities and senior complex housing development project, the Ministry of Finance informed that currently, there is the National Savings Fund (GOC) as a mechanism for self-employed people to save money for life in retirement, increasing opportunities for all Thais to have access to the welfare of the state thoroughly. The creation of a voluntary pension system The Ministry of Finance added that the National Savings Fund is in the process of revision. National Savings Fund Act, B.E. 2554, Section 30 to extend the age of the person entitled to be a member of the Fund. From not exceeding 60 years of age to not more than 65 years of age and section 33 (1), members shall terminate their membership upon the completion of 65 years of age. Ministry of Social Development and Human Security by the Department of Elderly Affairs has developed the Potential of Social Development and Human Security Volunteers (DDAs) to have expertise in caring for the elderly promote and support the Provincial Social Development and Human Security Office. Local government organizations and network partners are involved in the development of volunteer work for social development and human security (specializes in the elderly) at home at the local level as a base for the community to provide social care and protection for the elderly from the project implementation, have the elderly receive social care and protection from social development and welfare volunteers human security (specializes in the elderly) of 3,423 people and has promoted Supporting training to develop the potential of staff in the Social Welfare Development Center for the elderly and the general public by using a 70-hour course on care for the middle-aged elderly and due to the epidemic situation of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 The transfer of knowledge and skills in caring for the elderly according to the basics of the Preliminary Elderly Care Curriculum of 18

hours into an online learning format for volunteers and interested persons to access the standard of care. more elderly as well as continuing to operate under the Elderly Act B.E. 2546 (2003) such as medical services Proper occupation or vocational training convenience and safety Vehicle fare assistance as appropriate. As for the results of other recommendations, the Office of the NHRCT has not yet been notified by the relevant agencies.

4.3) Recommendations on the rights of persons with disabilities, namely to maintain efforts to promote access to the rights of persons with disabilities that have already been initiated. More emphasis is placed on promoting the accessibility of people with disabilities, right to education Study the factors that hinder the employment or work of people with disabilities consider guidelines or measures to prevent people with disabilities, especially girls with disabilities from being attacked or harassed to study Review the results of past actions to develop a body of knowledge and improve the system for helping people with disabilities and education transportation system or other services.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Public Health cooperates with various agencies in assisting people with disabilities, including the establishment of an MOU with the Ministry of Social Development and Human Security. Ministry of Labor and the Office of the Health Promotion Foundation (Thai Health Promotion Foundation) by the Social Innovation Foundation to assist people with disabilities to be able to work in agencies of the Ministry of Public Health, which is CSR-based private sector employment to work in an agency under Office of the Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Public Health. For example, to work in a public hospital in the same locality/community as a disabled person, etc. In addition, the Ministry of Public Health is working with the Ministry of Social Development and Human Security in establishing a one-stop service center to register and issue a disabled person's card. As for the results of other recommendations, the Office of the NHRCT has not yet been notified by the relevant agencies.

4.4) Recommendations on women's rights and gender equality, namely consider measures to solve the problem of violence against women. especially the use of domestic violence Methods that create stigmatization which may lead to discrimination in the prevention of prostitution exploitation and Promoting access to the basic rights of service workers by following and evaluating the implementation of preventive measures and addressing harassment or sexual harassment in the workplace in government agencies. as well as encouraging government and private agencies to have measures to promote gender equality. Emphasis is placed on raising understanding and awareness of gender equality by eliminating bias about gender roles and gender bias.

Results/Achievements:

Ministry of Justice by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection has collaborated with various sectors to prepare a draft of the Marriage Act B.E. Until the Cabinet passed a resolution on December 15, 2020, acknowledging the summary of the government whip meeting, which assigned the Ministry of Justice by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection to bring the bill to review the rationale and necessity of the law were again made clear, taking into account the current law and religious principles and there should be a public hearing to cover all groups of people in all dimensions. At present, the Rights and Liberties Protection Department is preparing to hold a small group meeting with various stakeholder groups. For the implementation of other recommendations, the Office of the NHRCT has not yet been notified by relevant agencies.

4.5) Recommendations about people with problems of status and rights, namely consider jointly considering the approach or measures to enhance the efficiency of the process for granting status or nationality to persons who are qualified to provide Training or learning courses to build knowledge, understanding, and expertise for the staff involved. To be able to organize teaching, provide educational evidence and solve problems of civil registration status for group G students. Accelerate the investigation of information to distinguish group G students with status and rights problems. out of a child who has the same status and has previously received (return) rights to public health, the rules, procedures, and conditions under the regulations of the Prime Minister's Office on the screening of aliens entering the Kingdom and unable to return to their domicile country, B.E. 2562. Accelerate the study and consideration of the withdrawal of Thai reservations in Article 22 of the CRC to ensure appropriate protection for refugee children in Thailand. Complete any other necessary actions to ensure compliance with the Memorandum of Understanding on the Determination of Measures and Guidelines for the Detention of Children in Immigrant Detention Centers awaiting deportation, B.E. 2562.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Social Development and Human Security through the Department of Social Development and Welfare has prepared a memorandum on the provision of forensic science examination services to facilitate Social Justice and Humanitarian Assistance between the Department of Social Development and Welfare Ministry of Social Development and Human Security and the Institute of Forensic Science Ministry of Justice to coordinate cooperation in the care of the Department of Social Development and Welfare. When a forensic examination of a homeless person without registration status Ministry of Social Development and Human Security, the Department of Social Development and Welfare

has collaborated with the National Health Security Office (NHSO) in developing access to health insurance rights for Thai people who have problems with their registration status. The Integrated Working Group on Developing Access to the Health Insurance System for Thai People with Registration Status Problems to provide coverage of access to services in the National Health Security System and other welfare systems, in which the working group must consider guidelines for the use of medical welfare benefits for users who do not have a civil registration status to plan operations regarding the burden of medical expenses of service users in the Homeless Protection Center and the People Protection Center defenseless. The Department of Provincial Administration by the Bureau of Registration Administration has surveyed the number of persons without registration status of agencies under the Department of Social Development and Welfare, including 11 homeless protection centers, to use the information for use in organizing an identity verification project with a face image and Fingerprints to organize a status verification service and list of persons in the civil registration database to facilitate those in the care of the homeless protection center and bring their identity, face photo, and fingerprints for verification. The status and list of persons in the civil registration database and proactively solve the problem of personal status to obtain a 13-digit identification number and access to basic rights. The Office of the National Security Council has developed and driven the Action Plan for the Management of Immigrants, Phase 1 (B.E. 2563 - 2564), and has prepared the criteria for determining the status and rights of immigrants and Long-lived so that the people who are the target audience can legally reside in Thailand and gain basic human rights. The Ministry of Social Development and Human Security, through the Department of Child and Youth Affairs, has introduced the withdrawal of reservations of Article 22 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child on Protection and Rights of Children. Refugees and asylum seekers of the Convention on the Rights of the Child were on the agenda for consideration at the 1/2563 meeting of the National Committee for the Promotion of Child and Youth Development on July 2, 2020. The results showed that Thailand has measures and mechanisms to support the implementation of Article 22 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, including continual progress in the care of refugees and asylum seekers, and relevant agencies have opinions agree on the withdrawal of the reservation, Article 22, and consider the appointment of an ad hoc sub-committee to consider Thailand's readiness to withdraw the reservation of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, having the duty and power to formulate a guideline for studying, analyzing and considering the readiness of Thailand to withdraw the reservation; Article 22 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child reviews relevant laws and measures for the implementation of other recommendations. The NHRCT has not been notified by the relevant authorities.

The office of the NHRCT believes that the operational guidelines or results of the relevant government agencies. Most of the reports to the Office of the NHRCT are consistent with the recommendations of the NHRCT, such as the provision of road services. public health for children and women who have been subjected to violence including women with unwanted pregnancies by the Ministry of Health Actions to amend the Royal Decree issued under the Revenue Code on Tax Exemption (No. 639) B.E. 2560 (2017) to increase the wage rate for the elderly that can be tax-exempt by the Ministry of Finance. Developing the Potential of Social Development and Human Security Volunteers (DDAs) to have expertise in caring for the elderly by the Department of Elderly Affairs Implementation of the Action Plan for the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Project by promoting professional organizations of sign language interpreting for people with hearing disabilities in the judicial process by the Office of the Attorney General Operations for the development of access to health insurance rights for Thai people with problems with registration status by the Department of Social Development and Welfare with the National Health Security Office (NHSO), etc.

1.3 Proposals in the annual performance report

National Human Rights Commission Performance Report For the fiscal year 2020, the NHRCT has suggested measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights about the roles and duties of the NHRCT. under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560 and the law on the National Human Rights Commission to repeal the provisions of NHRCT to clarify and report accurate facts without delay in cases where the situation relating to human rights in Thailand is incorrectly or unfairly reported to the public to the general public and the NHRCT have duties and powers to mediate disputes Recommendations on the implementation of the duties of the recommendations in the Thailand Human Rights Situation Assessment Report ask the Cabinet to urge government agencies and government agencies to pay attention to the implementation of recommendations in the situation assessment report and notify the NHRCT. Knowing as endorsed in Article 43 of the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560 and make recommendations on operational limitations in the situation of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) outbreak. As well as, the impact of social distancing measures. Ask the Cabinet to consider supporting the necessary resources, such as the appropriate and necessary digital technology budget for the NHRCT able to develop a data storage system and a database for human rights promotion and protection to be complete all-around Up-to-date and able to link such operations data in the structure of management processes and the results of operations at the output level, the outcome (outcome) and impact (impact), which will be useful for upgrading. The country's human rights work also improves the quality and credibility of the Thailand Human Rights Situation Assessment Report.

Results/Achievements:

Recommendations on the implementation of the duties of the recommendations in the Human Rights Situation Assessment Report of Thailand and according to the recommendations Measures or guidelines for the promotion and protection of human rights concerning the roles and duties of the NHRCT under the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560 and the Law on Human Rights Commission has been stated under Articles 1.2 and Article 1.5, respectively. As for the results of the implementation of the recommendations regarding operational limitations in the situation of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) outbreak requested the Cabinet consider supporting the budget so that the NHRCT can develop a database system for the promotion and protection of human rights. It appears that in the fiscal year B.E. 2564. The Office of the NHRCT has been allocated a budget following the Budget Act B.E. 2565 in digital plan amount 8.4315 billion baths.

1.4 Proposals in parallel reports under the contracts to which Thailand is a party and must perform

1) Recommendations based on parallel reports on the implementation of the Convention against Torture and the cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment of the year 2020, total 11 items

The NHRCT made recommendations to the Cabinet, the results of which can be summarized as follows:

1.1) Recommendations on the implementation of the Convention against, namely torture under the Convention in its entirety

Results/Achievements:

same as item 1.2, subsection 2) 2.2)

1.2) Recommendations on human rights problems in the southern border provinces, namely to urge the local officials to strictly proceed according to the law; If found that a government official has committed an offense must be punished both disciplinary and criminal seriously. In addition, the promulgation of the Martial Law Act B.E. 2547 and the Emergency Decree B.E. 2548 in the Southern Border Provinces should be revised to the extent necessary, and the Royal Decree on Public Administration in Emergencies B.E. 2548 Section 5 concerning checks and balances mechanisms and section 16, about disputes arising from The exercise of power under this Royal Ordinance is within the jurisdiction of the Administrative Court if the content of the case is an administrative matter.

Results/Achievements:

The Cabinet approved the plan and steps to reduce the area of a serious emergency declaration according to the Emergency Decree on Government Service in Emergency Situations B.E. 2548 maintaining Internal Security in the Kingdom B.E. 2551 (2008), has come into force to create confidence in the people and to ensure that the state can control the situation in the area under the existing law effectively In the past, the area has been continuously reduced. Currently, there are still 27 districts that have declared serious emergencies in the southern border provinces according to the Emergency Decree on Public Administration in Emergencies B.E. 2548 (from the total of 33 districts). In addition, ISOC Region 4, the front section, stated that has monitored the exercise of power by government officials by promoting the rule of law in performing duties strictly according to the law If there is a case where the officer acts in violation of Criminal, civil and disciplinary action must be taken, and a committee of external organizations will be appointed to review and assess the performance of the officers. including establishing a peace council Build public participation by giving people the opportunity to share their opinions in making decisions about the activities of the district and participate in expressing their opinions. public hearing referendums, etc. As for suggestions for amendments to the provisions of Section 5 and Section 16 of the Emergency Decree on Public Administration in Emergencies B.E. 2548.

1.3) Recommendations on human rights defenders, namely a focus on follow-up the progress of cases involving deceased and missing human rights defenders. Measures are in place to ensure safety and prevent intimidation against human rights defenders. Protection of the right to life and body. Including the exercise of rights and freedoms to protect the rights of oneself and others, and to collect statistics on complaints about torture, the number of cases filed before the court, and the number of court judgments. systematically punish offenders.

Results/Achievements:

The government sets a policy to promote and protect human rights defenders in the 4th National Human Rights Plan (B.E. 2562-2565) and the Action Plan National level on business and human rights, Phase 1 (B.E. 2562-2565), in which both plans have led to drive and integrate with relevant agencies in understanding the roles and duties of Protecting Human Rights There are important legal measures that can help protect, protect and provide justice for human rights defenders. In particular, amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code Sections 161/1 and 165/2 to prevent strategic litigation against public participation (SLAPP) as well as the enforcement of section 21 of the Act. The Prosecutor's Organization and Public Prosecutors B.E. 2553 so that public prosecutors can present their opinions to the Attorney

General in order not to prosecute cases that are not in the public interest or that will affect the safety or security of the nation or interests. The Ministry of Justice by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection is currently amending the Witness Protection in Criminal Cases Act B.E. 2546 by adding the definition of “witness” to include persons at risk of being in danger. This will also benefit the protection of human rights defenders at risk. At present, the Cabinet has approved the bill. (The version has been reviewed by the Council of State) already on December 1, 2020. In addition, the Rights and Liberties Protection Department said that it has worked closely with human rights defenders to monitor the situation of violations. Human rights defenders provide witness protection and legal assistance to human rights defenders. Organize training to develop human rights defenders capacity, organize meetings with relevant agencies to discuss problems, prepare and disseminate human rights defenders manuals. Including being a speaker to educate human rights defenders, etc., and together with the United Nations Development Program (UNDP) is studying measures to protect human rights defenders that are appropriate to the context of Thailand to gain to be developed into concrete measures in the future.

1.4) Recommendations on visits to places of detention of persons, namely linking and Integrate a database of prisoners to enable effective health care services; amending regulations to require public health personnel working in prisons to enjoy the same privileges as those in the wilderness to incentivize entry come to work provide knowledge support and increase resources for development. The building of the prison is to be proportional and prevent the spread of germs. Including, there should be a system to send inmates to be examined to find ways to reduce the number of inmates in prisons who are guilty of drug use not more than 5 units (5 tablets) or with a net weight of not more than 500 milligrams; and non-serious crimes focus on solving prison congestion through criminal justice policies that focus on turning away from the justice system, altering the circumstantial punishment of wrongdoing. For the prison to be a place of detention for serious offenders only, create awareness for society to change. Attitudes in the criminal justice process are to change the behavior of offenders to be good people. Promoting restorative justice and allowing relevant parties to jointly formulate a plan for rehabilitation and behavior modification of offenders. Increasing family and community roles in probation of more offenders and the development of methods for rehabilitation of physical and mental health to allocate budget and personnel for various prisons, including improving the facility to suit the number of inmates and to be able to separate Different types of detainee control under international principles, other forms of restraints that can be used to control prisoners should be developed or adopted in place of conventional restraints. Site visits should be developed to prevent torture and

Punishment and cruel treatment should be considered a party to the Optional Protocol of the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Public Health, the Department of Corrections, and the National Health Security Office (NHSO) signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to develop a public health service system for prison inmates in 2019, enabling the prison hospitals to be promoted, supported and coordinated. together with the host hospital, the provincial public health office including health promotion, prevention, control, and elimination of disease medical treatment Rehabilitation and consumer protection in public health Including the establishment of a registration system for the rights of inmates This allows inmates to have access to comprehensive and efficient health care services. Building knowledge and understanding for society to change attitudes towards inmates by bringing society to take part in improving the behavior of inmates. Assistance to inmates and acquitted to create acceptance and create opportunities for the reintegration of the prisoners. prevention of recidivism; use of rehabilitation processes and behavioral development of inmates to rehabilitate inmates as appropriate to allow inmates to return to society after being released from prison The Department of Corrections received royal grace from His Majesty the King for granting the project. "Kok Nong Na of Kindness and Hope, Department of Corrections" that has carried forward and built on the new economic principles of His Majesty King Bhumibol Adulyadej Maha Bhumibol Adulyadej the Great It is an application of the new theory in the style of the villagers, Pan Khok, digging a swamp, and farming. It is the creation of a new model of agricultural theory in a small area. During the operation, the focus will be on modifying the basic concepts, practicing discipline, and doing practical solutions to real problems so that Inmates can become self-reliant when they are released outside the office. The OCSC considers supporting the manpower to the Department of Corrections periodically as necessary. Officers working in prisons are currently receiving financial support under the Ministry of Justice's Regulations on Extras for Special Contingent Positions of Prison Officers B.E. 2562. In addition, the Ministry of Justice is currently considering issuing additional regulations under section 19 of the Act B.E. 2560 corrections in the case of giving additional money for positions with special reasons and organizing training for inmates with courses "Prison Health Volunteer Training (Prison Health Volunteers. In addition, the Ministry of Justice has signed a memorandum with the Nursing Council to develop a curriculum for specialized prison nurses certified by the Nursing Council. Currently, the course is being developed to be more effective. The Ministry of Justice by the Department for the Protection of Rights and Liberties has proposed becoming a party to the Convention on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, approved by the Cabinet on 24 May 2016 and the National

Legislative Assembly. A resolution was made on March 10, 2017, agreeing that Thailand would become a party to the Convention. This can be done after the draft Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance Act B.E. has been promulgated as law. Article 1.2 Subheading 2) 2.1)

1.5) Recommendations on the protection of victims of torture and remedies, namely the request for an extension of the category of offenses for which the victim may request compensation under the Victims Compensation Act. to cover the crime of torture When the Act on Prevention and Suppression of Torture and Enforced Disappearance B.E. ... to be more in line with human rights principles.

Results/Achievements:

The Rights and Liberties Protection Department plans to add offenses of torture and enforced disappearances as offenses attached to the Victim Compensation Act. and compensation and expenses to the defendants in criminal cases B.E. 2544 and amended (No. 2) B.E. 2559, so that the injured person has the right to continue to receive compensation.

1.6) Recommendations on the remedy for victims in the southern border provinces, namely the request to expedite action for victims of torture by government officials in the southern border provinces to receive compensation and receive comprehensive compensation quickly by reducing unnecessary process steps.

Results/Achievements:

SBPAC (Southern Border Provinces Administration Centre) has set the administrative structure to have a Dharma Center in the Southern Border Provinces as a unit to receive complaints about human rights violations by government officials, with officers visiting the area to investigate facts. If the fact that a person was physically assaulted during the search and arrest Control or detention of government officials, SBPAC will have measures to punish such government officials. Including helping to heal the injured and those affected Regulations of the Southern Border Provinces Development Strategy Committee on Assistance and Rehabilitation of the Victims and People Affected by the Actions of Government Officials. As a result of the unrest in the southern border provinces, B.E. 2555 (2012) requires the SBPAC to consider providing assistance and remedies under the rules stipulated in the regulations to the victims and those affected as a result of the unrest in the southern border provinces. Including human rights violations by government officials for psychological remedial measures, SBPAC has worked with the Office of Social Development and Human Security in the Southern Border Provinces, and Southern Border Provinces Health Office Office of Education in the Southern Border Provinces to promote the well-being of communities to improve the quality of life, such as following up to the community to encourage career

promotion Encourage affected people to perform Hajj in Saudi Arabia or assembly Religion following Buddhist principles in the footsteps of the 4 sub-districts of Buddhism in India-Nepal, etc.

The office of the NHRCT sees that the NHRCT's recommendations are consistent with the government's policies and actions of government agencies such as enacting laws to support the implementation of the Convention against Torture Policy formulation for the promotion and protection of human rights defenders in the 4th National Human Rights Plan (B.E. 2562 - 2565) and the National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights, Phase 1 (B.E. 2562 - 2565) linking and integrating the database of prisoners to enable efficient public health services that are jointly operated between the Ministry of Public Health, the Department of Corrections and the National Health Security Office (NHSO). Protection of victims of torture and remedies, which the Rights and Liberties Protection Department plans to add to the offense of torture and enforced disappearance as an offense attached to the Compensation and Compensation and Compensation Act expenditures to the defendants in criminal cases, B.E. 2544 so that the injured person has the right to receive compensation, etc., As we see, the recommendations of the NHRCT have continually concrete results. For example, the reduction of the area for declaring serious emergencies under the Emergency Decree on Public Administration in Emergency Situations B.E. 2548 to bring the Internal Security Act B.E. 2551. The Witness Protection Act in Criminal Cases, B.E. 2546. This will benefit the protection of human rights defenders. The use of EM devices to track inmates during the release of prison agents. Actions to add to the offense of torture and enforced disappearance as an offense annexed to the Compensation of Victims and Compensation and Expenses to Defendants in Criminal Case Act B.E. 2544 compensation, etc.

2) Recommendations in parallel reports on the implementation of the Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination Racial in all forms of the year 2020, number 12 items

NHRCT has a recommendation to the Cabinet The results can be summarized as follows:

2.1) Recommendations on internal law, namely requesting law enactment at the level Act that prohibits overall discrimination following the Convention

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Justice by the Department of Rights and Liberties Protection is in the process of the comparative study of foreign laws. Including, discussing with the relevant authorities to consider the feasibility and appropriateness of forming a central law to eliminate discrimination as a whole.

2.2) Recommendations on stateless/stateless people group, namely requesting a survey on the number of stateless elderly and stateless people who were not born in the Kingdom but have lived in harmony with Thai society. Including the causes of statelessness and the conditions that such persons face, there should be a policy for the process Grant citizenship to such groups of people more quickly. Please expedite the investigation of the reasons for the removal of names from the civil registration and resolve such issues as soon as possible. While waiting for the results of the examination, measures should be taken to ensure that these people are protected their fundamental rights and should have guidelines for preventing such problems from occurring again. I would like to clarify for IDPs about the process of applying for nationality reinstatement. As well as facilitating and assisting in the process of proving and certifying displaced Thai people during which Thai nationality has not been reinstated. The policy protects basic rights for this group of people. including the right to education, welfare, and occupation.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Interior by the Department of Provincial Administration has surveyed and prepared a history registration for the elderly who cannot find evidence of birth to apply for citizenship by allowing the registrar to interview credible witnesses or use the village community process or provide village committee certify to confirm that the said elder is a person born in Thailand instead of evidence of birth and to urge officers at all levels to urgently and urgently solve nationality problems for the group of stateless elderly Improve the rules for granting legal immigration status to persons who have immigrated and have stayed for a long time under the Immigration Act B.E. 2522 to be consistent with the current facts and cover all target groups. Including the amendment of the Nationality Act to be following the Cabinet Resolution on December 7, 2010, which approved the criteria for legal immigration alien status to persons who have immigrated and have lived for a long time under the Immigration Act B.E. 2522 (Residency in the Kingdom) for people who migrated to Thailand and have lived for a long time. Groups of students in educational institutions, groups of people without roots, and groups of people who benefit from having already examined the reasons for the sale of names from the civil registration, such as in the case of Mae Taeng District Chiang Mai There is a cause for suspicion of fraud. Therefore, the list of people has been returned, amounting to 70, etc., has signed a memorandum of understanding on cooperation to resolve the problem of status and rights in the case of the sale of personal items from the civil registration database and suspension of movement of the civil registration in Chiang Mai Province in June 2017, together with the Office of the NHRCT, Department of Provincial Administration, Chiang Mai Province Faculty of Law Chiang Mai University, and the Individual Status Network Foundation by integrating cooperation in solving such problems, gaining an

understanding of the displaced Thai people about the process of applying for nationality reinstatement under the Nationality Act (No. 5) B.E. 2555, include convenience and assistance in the process of proving and certifying displaced Thai people. For example, the Memorandum of Understanding on cooperation in the identification and certification of displaced Thais with Thaksin University, Rangsit University, The Office of Social Development and Health Coordination, the Thai Community Foundation, and the Office of the NHRCT organize training and seminars on civil registration and nationality to continually rehearse and understand with the officials, etc. At present, the Department of Provincial Administration has solved the problem of the displaced Thai people by implementing Issued a certificate of Thai displaced persons, amounting to 7,712 cases, approved the change of status of persons in civil registration documents, amounting to 3,285 cases, including returning Thai nationality to 10,997 Thai displaced persons return that Thai nationality. The government has a policy that protects fundamental rights, namely: (1) in medical treatment; (Cabinet Resolution on March 23, 2010, and April 20, 2015) The Ministry of Public Health shall be responsible for medical care for stateless people that the government There is a policy to resolve issues of status and rights of individuals and those who are in the process of nationality verification (2) Education (Cabinet Resolution on 5 July 2005) all schools and educational establishments will accept all children who do not have Thai nationality to study and must provide evidence upon graduation. Certification of academic results for all (3) Occupational aspects (Cabinet Resolution on October 18, 2016) to stateless people whose government has the policy to resolve the problems of status and rights of persons to work in all types of work.

2.3) Recommendations concerning Thai-Malay groups, namely requesting to promote the rule of law by strictly following the exercise of power by government officials to be within the legal framework, accelerate the remedial process for those affected by violent events based on the principle of equality and non-discrimination, respect the culture and way of life of Thai Muslims of Malay descent and improve communication between the state and the people in the area by using the local Malay language along with the Thai language. Moreover, in taking special measures to encourage Thai-Malay Muslims to have equal access to various rights, governments should be careful not to create feelings of discrimination. Including, there should be social and educational measures to create harmony between Thai Muslims of Malay descent and Thai Buddhists in the area. Requesting to enforce the law fairly without discrimination on the grounds of racial differences. If a government official is found guilty, both disciplinary and criminal sanctions must be taken seriously to avoid a culture of impunity. Requesting to review the promulgation of the Martial Law Act B.E. 2557 and the Emergency Decree on Government Administration in Emergencies B.E. 2548 in the Southern Border Provinces.

Results/Achievements:

ISOC region 4 (Internal Security Operations Command Region 4) the front section has strictly monitored the exercise of power by government officials by promoting the rule of law. perform duties strictly according to the law And if an officer commits a violation, criminal, civil, and disciplinary action will be taken. A committee from an external group examines and assesses the staff's performance. Including establishing a peace council Builds public participation by giving people the opportunity to share their opinions in making decisions about the activities of the district and participate in expressing their opinions. public hearing the referendum. For instance, they have accelerated the provision of assistance to all persons based on equality and non-discrimination by adhering to the criteria for assisting those affected by the unrest in the SRT area, the relevant Cabinet resolutions, and the assistance and remedial assistance to those affected. In addition, the rules of the Strategic Committee on Rehabilitation Developing the Southern Border Provinces (CAAT). All departments attach importance to and are careful to respect the culture and way of life of Thai Muslims of Malay descent. As well as, a great deal of communication between the state and the people in the area, with continuous training of officials, especially before going to the area to perform duties to learn the customs, languages, customs, and culture of the people in the area. This will enhance the readiness to perform duties for officials in the area. Ministry of Interior by the Department of Provincial Administration Has carried out a project for genetic identification (DNA) to be used as evidence supporting civil registration status to solve the problem of stateless persons. Including, a measure that will help build security in accessing the rights and welfare of the state as well. Furthermore, the National Strategy (B.E. 2561 - 2580) focuses on peaceful coexistence in a multicultural society. and attaches importance to the implementation under the Administrative Service Act B.E. 2553, which has set the main objectives to develop the potential of people, society, and the economy following cultural diversity and local wisdom. Create equality and fairness in an equitable society which focuses on promoting the learning of Thai, Malay, Arabic, and other important foreign languages by implementing them at all levels of education as tools for seeking knowledge, communication, and opportunities in Developing all aspects for children and youth thoroughly and equally In the case of recommendations for reviewing the promulgation of the Martial Law Act B.E. 2557 and the Emergency Decree on Public Administration B.E. 2548 according to Article 1.2).

2.4) Recommendations on ethnic groups, namely the request to end the arrest of ethnic Karen groups, including ethnic communities, by providing a process for proving resident rights before the declaration. National Forest Areas and National Parks Revision of the process before the declaration of a national park area or national forest reserves and approaches to constructively manage utilization disputes in the area of ethnic groups and local

communities with government agencies. Including the declaration of a natural world, heritage should integrate cultural dimensions of ethnic groups as well by accepting the participation of the community to consider the appropriateness of subsistence farming practices of Karen ethnic groups in the form of “Swiss plantation” shall proceed according to the principle of community participation in designating land as a national park and study the feasibility of classification management for protected areas, especially traditional use zones under the National Parks Act B.E. 2562, the said law is strictly prohibited. Accelerate the ratification of the International Convention on the Protection of Persons Everyone from the forced disappearance and consider the Mani people who want to live the traditional way of life can live in a perfect area reducing relief assistance.

Results/Achievements:

The Department of National Parks, Wildlife and Plant Conservation insist that when declaring forest areas, especially national parks, public hearings must be held and stakeholders are encouraged to participate, especially the people living in the area where the announcement will be made must survey the former living and working areas of the people with the participation of the relevant communities always for handling disputes and declarations. The Natural World Heritage Site adheres to the same principle of community participation by both prior and During and after, there must be ongoing discussions with the people or communities involved. In the case of the Mani or Sakai ethnic group with traditional lifestyles living in the forest, moving unstable. If it is necessary to live in a protected forest area, it can take advantage of renewable natural resources following the National Park Act B.E. 2562 Section 65 and the Wildlife Preservation and Protection Act B.E. 2562 Section 57.

2.5) Recommendations on migrant workers, namely requesting law enforcement concerned to prevent the illegal smuggling of workers from neighboring countries to work in Thailand, to come to an agreement with neighboring countries on the nationality certification of children born to workers from neighboring countries who come to work in Thailand to prevent the problem of stateless children in the country and should seek cooperation from neighboring countries in registering the birth of a child. Nationality and marriage certification of such workers as well. In addition, consideration should be given to the possibility of granting migrant workers access to the right to association and bargaining and accession to the International Labor Organization Convention No. 87 on Freedom of Association and Protection of Rights in association and No. 98 on the right to unite and collective bargaining, including the Convention on the Protection of the Rights of Migrant Workers and Family Members.

Results/Achievements:

The Ministry of Labor has implemented a mechanism for solving the problems of migrant workers in an integrated manner under the Foreign Worker Management Strategy B.E. 2560 - 2564 and enforcement amendments which promoted the employment of migrant workers correctly and fairly to all parties B.E. 2560, protecting foreign workers according to international standards, effectively manage foreign workers working in Thailand. In addition, the Thai government has issued a Memorandum of Understanding on Cooperation on Interstate Employment (MOU) with the Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Lao People's Democratic Republic, and the Kingdom of Cambodia to reduce the procedure and time for importing labor as well as providing training for migrant workers before entering the country. The Department of Employment has therefore regularly inspected the work of foreign workers and employers/establishments. As well as, capacity building by the Ministry of Labor to cooperate with the International Labor Organization to solve the problem of illegal migrant workers and the protection of foreign workers, such as the Ship to Shore Rights Project Safety and Justice Project, etc., and together with the United States Department of Labor organized a program to enhance enforcement of labor and criminal law to address the problem of child labor forced Labor and Human Trafficking for Sustainable Change The Office of the National Security Council has prepared a draft Immigration Management Plan, Phase 1 (B.E. 2563-2565) by defining guidelines for solving the problem of illegal immigrants among migrant workers. The Ministry of Public Health has implemented the Preparation of a manual on the issuance of birth certificates for children born to foreign workers in Thailand and distributed to hospitals under the ministry across the country as a guideline for doing. The Department of Child and Youth Affairs is in the process of preparing a Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of the Kingdom of Thailand and the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar on Strengthening Cooperation in the Protection of Children Affected by Migration to Develop bilateral cooperation in the protection of migrant children to help children access basic rights. As well as being protected under the legal framework of both countries on the principle of maximum benefit and non-discrimination, the Ministry of Labor is in the process of amending the Labor Relations Act B.E. 2518 and the State Enterprise Labor Relations Act B.E. 2543. Continuous cooperation with the International Labor Organization (ILO) has studied and applied recommendations to improve the law to make provisions consistent with the principles of Convention 98: the protection of workers who form unions and participate in union activities from Intervene and unfair actions of employers and emphasize the key principles in the protection of labor rights following the principles of freedom of association and collective bargaining. At present, the Labor Relations Act B.E. is pending consideration of Agenda 2, and the State Enterprise Labor Relations Act B.E. is in the process of being presented to

the Cabinet. However, if both laws are in effect The Department of Labor will, together with the ILO, conduct a consistent review between the revised law and the provisions of Convention 98 and implement the ratification process by holding a seminar with stakeholders to educate them about the Convention. For the ratification of Convention 87, the Ministry of Labor will proceed in respectively.

2.6) Recommendations on immigrants/asylum seekers, namely requests for expedited consideration Illegal immigration screening system according to the Cabinet resolution of January 10, 2017, and should seek cooperation with the country of origin and relevant international organizations to accept Rohingya from their domicile. If any of them can't be returned because it might be dangerous. Governments should consider coordinating and working closely with the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to assist with third-country settlements. It may also consider the suitability and feasibility of becoming a party to the Convention on the Status of Refugees to consider solving the congestion of detention rooms and establishing an appropriate treatment system for sick detainees. At the same time, alternatives may be considered instead of detaining immigrants in the Immigration Detention Center.

Results/Achievements:

The Immigration Office has issued Order No. 89/2562 regarding the guidelines for the admission, control, and care of aliens dated February 27, 2019, prescribing guidelines for the care of detainees to take care of everyone equally without racial discrimination especially "Medical care" where detention or immigration checkpoints provide vehicles and police officers. Responsible for bringing sick detainees to the hospital or other medical facilities. It also requires detention facilities or immigration checkpoints to coordinate with hospitals or other medical facilities in the area where they are available. Sending detainees to be treated by setting up a specific facility for sick detainees to facilitate their control, with close supervision by staff and on January 21, 2019, the Royal Thai Police Ministry of Social Development and Human Security Ministry of Foreign Affairs Ministry of Interior Ministry of Health Ministry of Education Ministry of Labor has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on the determination of measures and guidelines instead of detaining children in detention centers awaiting deportation to define the duties, responsibilities, and guidelines of all relevant sectors involved in not detaining children under the age of 18 in detention facilities At present, the Prime Minister has approved standard operating procedures under the memorandum. As mentioned by the Department of Children and Youth Affairs, it is in the process of drafting a Manual of Operational Guidelines (SOP) according to the memorandum.

The office of the NHRCT considers that the NHRCT's recommendations are consistent with the government's policies and to perform official duties such as a comparative study of foreign laws and the possibility and It is appropriate to prepare a central law to eliminate discrimination by the Rights and Liberties Protection Department actions to amend and improve the rules on granting legal immigration status to persons who have migrated and stayed for a long time under the Immigration Act City B.E. 2522 by the Ministry of Interior National Strategy (B.E. 2561-2580), which focuses on peaceful coexistence in multicultural society Implementation of mechanisms for solving problems with migrant workers in an integrated manner under the Foreign Workers Management Strategy B.E. 2560 - 2564 by the Ministry of Labor to amend the Labor Relations Act B.E. 2518 and the Labor Act State Enterprise Relations B.E. 2543 in accordance with the principles of Convention No. 98, etc., and the recommendations of the NHRCT on many issues have consistently yielded concrete results, such as drafting a manual on operational guidelines (SOP) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on the determination of measures and guidelines instead of detaining children in immigrant detention centers awaiting deportation by the Department of Children and Youth Affairs as a guideline for relevant agencies in both the central and regional areas to operate in the same direction Approval for legal immigration status (Providing permanent residence) to stateless persons by the Ministry of Interior to investigate the reasons for the alienation of a person's name from the civil registration and solve the problem by the Department of Provincial Administration, etc.

1.5 Suggestions for other cases as specified by the NHRCT

1) Proposal of the draft Act on the National Human Rights Commission (No. Propose a draft bill on the National Human Rights Commission (No. ..) B.E. to the Prime Minister for submission to the Cabinet for consideration. by requiring the NHRCT Has the power to mediate persons or agencies involved for the parties to agree to compromise and resolve human rights violations (Additional Section 34/1 of the Act Constitution on the National Human Rights Commission, B.E. 2560).

Results/Achievements:

The Secretariat of the Cabinet has a letter No. 0503/14205 dated March 24, 2021, informing the progress regarding the consideration of the draft Act on the National Human Rights Commission. The key points can be summarized as follows:

(1) The agencies involved in giving opinions on the Draft Act have additional opinions and some observations on the assignment of the NHRCT to mediation powers may be duties and powers that are in addition to the provisions of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, in conjunction with the present Dispute Mediation Act B.E. 2562 can use such

laws to carry out their duties and powers, and the draft decree in this regard may cause legal problems on the right to bring criminal charges to be halted and law enforcement problems because the content, procedures, or key principles are not stipulated.

(2) the Prime Minister has considered and ordered the Office of the NHRCT to accept the organic law bill. to consider and review with the Office of the Permanent Secretary, the Prime Minister's Office Office of the Council of State The Office of the Attorney General, and relevant agencies to resolve before submitting to the Cabinet. The NHRCT believes that the relevant agencies have taken steps to amend the law. On October 25, 2021, the Office of the NHRCT has held a meeting to consult with relevant agencies under the Prime Minister's order under Article (2), whereby the NHRCT has assigned the Office of the NHRCT to hold another meeting to hear opinions from experts before submitting to the Cabinet for further consideration.

2) Proposal to repeal Section 247 (4) of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2560 and Section 26 (4) of the Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560

The NHRCT has issued a letter of urgency, No. 0008/101 dated December 9, 2020, to the President of the National Assembly to consider repealing Section 247 (4) of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand, B.E. 2560 and Section 26 (4) of the Royal Decree. . On the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560, which stipulates that the NHRCT Has the duty and power to clarify and report accurate facts without delay in the event of an incorrect or unfair report on the situation of human rights in Thailand and the letter No. 0008/11 dated January 19, 2021, to the Prime Minister to request assistance to push for the repeal of Section 247 (4) of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2560 and Section 26 (4) of the Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560 and A.D. The NHRCT met with the Deputy Prime Minister (Mr. Wissanu Krea-ngam) on March 22, 2021, to discuss and exchange views on the implementation of the NHRCT's duties and powers under Section 247 (4) of the Constitution and Section 26. (4) of the ACT by asking the government to support and push for the abolition of such provisions.

Results/Achievements:

The Secretariat of the House of Representatives has a letter No. 0001/73 dated January 7, 2021, stating that the President of the National Assembly has approved the matter to be submitted to the Committee on Court Affairs, Independent Organizations, Public Prosecutors' Organizations, State Enterprises, Public Organizations and the Fund House of Representatives for further investigation or study of the aforementioned matter along with the idea to suggest that the NHRCT should present this matter to the government directly and in

part asking the Prime Minister and the government to support and push for the abolition. The provisions under Section 247 (4) of the Constitution and Section 26 (4) of the RACC Act, the Deputy Prime Minister (Mr. Wisanu Krea-ngam) agreed to repeal the provisions of Section 26 (4) of the B.E. R.O.C., which should be easier to implement than proposing a single constitutional amendment. But if on the next occasion there will be a referendum to amend the entire constitution, the government is willing to include the matter in the referendum issue. Propose a draft decree to repeal the provisions of Section 26 (4) following the process of proposing to amend the law first, with the government willing and ready to provide further support.

The office of the NHRCT believes that the National Assembly has considered the recommendations of the NHRCT. Currently, it is in the process of a study of the Commission on Court Affairs, Independent Organizations, Public Prosecutors' Organizations, State Enterprises, Public Organizations, and Funds House of Representatives And the government has shown support to the NHRCT in repealing the provisions of Section 26 (4) of the NCSC proposing further amendments to the law.

2. Conclusion and Recommendations

The Regulation of the National Human Rights Commission on Follow-up of Human Rights Actions B.E. 2564 dated February 23, 2021, Article 24, in conjunction with Article 5, has determined that the Office of the National Human Rights Commission of Thailand (the office of the NHRCT) summarizes and analyzes the results of the follow-up on human rights actions that the National Human Rights Commission (NHRCT) has submitted to the Parliament of the Cabinet relevant government or private agencies to submit to the NHRCT within forty-five days from the end of the fiscal year. In the fiscal year 2021, the implementation of the recommendations on human rights of Article 5 of the said regulations, namely, the implementation results according to the recommendations. In 53 human rights violation investigation reports and recommendations report (Article 5 (1) and (3)), the implementation of the recommendations in the National Human Rights Situation Assessment Report (Article 5 (1) and (3)) 5 (2)) the results of the implementation of the proposals in the parallel reports under the contracts to which Thailand is a party and should perform them (Article 5 (8)) and the results of the implementation of the proposals in other cases as determined by the NHRCT (Article 5 (10)), that is to say, the proposal of the organic law bill on the National Human Rights Commission (No. ..) B.E. ... Request to repeal Section 247 (4) of the Constitution of the Kingdom of Thailand B.E. 2560 and Section 26 (4) of the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560.

Achievements or achievements from the NHRCT's human rights actions for the fiscal year 2021 if the NHRCT has a recommendation to the relevant government agencies or private sectors according to the report on the investigation of rights violations human (Recommendations to prevent or correct human rights violations or suggestions for promoting and protecting human rights, including amendments to relevant laws and regulations) found that relevant agencies have proceeded following or under the recommendations of the NHRCT, in whole or in part, which is essential. Although, some agencies may not be able to implement the recommendations of the NHRCT because there are reasonable reasons, such as the project is still in the process of reviewing the clarity of operation, etc., the agency has accepted the suggestion. of the NHRCT to be considered for further action when the project implementation is clear. However, it was found that the investigation report of community rights violations contained complaints about the participation process. In the management of natural resources or the implementation of projects that have an impact on the environment and people and discrimination against HIV-infected people in the police, service should be brought up to be studied and considered as recommendations to the relevant government agencies. For proposals in the Human Rights Situation Assessment Report of Thailand and in parallel reports under the contracts to which Thailand is a party and must perform. It appears that the implementation of government policies and the performance of government agencies. Including, the operational guidelines or the results of the relevant government agencies reported to the office of the NHRCT, most of them are consistent with the recommendations of the NHRCT. The office of the NHRCT is in the process of following the results which are likely to show results or progress in the next fiscal year. There are many cases The relevant agencies are unable to notify the results clearly, and the government agencies have responded that they agree with the proposals of the NHRCT, possibly because the proposals of the NHRCT have different policy recommendations. This is different from the recommendations in the report on the investigation of human rights violations that are clear measures or guidelines in itself how to allow government agencies to practice by any means to solve the problem of human rights violations.

The proposal in the annual performance report B.E. 2563 that request the Council of Ministers to consider supporting the budget for the NHRCT to be able to develop a database system for the promotion and protection of human rights, it appears that in the fiscal year 2022, the NHRCT has been allocated a budget of 8.4615. million baht and for the proposal to amend the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560. The issue of human rights violations and to revoke the duties and powers of the NHRCT to clarify and report accurate facts without delay in the event of incorrect or unfair reporting of the human rights situation in Thailand under Section 26 (4), is in the process of amending the law by a proposal

to repeal Section 26 (4) of the Organic Act on the National Human Rights Commission B.E. 2560. The government is ready to give support. As for the proposal to designate the NHRCT to have mediation powers, there are still different opinions. The agency has noted some issues, such as law enforcement issues because the content, procedures, or core principles or opinions the organization should take advantage of have not been established. The Mediation of Dispute Act, B.E. 2562 qualified persons, and NHRCT to proceed before submitting to the Cabinet.

From the follow-up results of human rights actions presented to the Parliament of the Cabinet government agency or related private sectors for the fiscal year 2021, the Office of the NHRCT, therefore, recommends the following actions for consideration:

2.1) Consider making recommendations to promote and protect human rights in issues of Complain about the process of participation of people and communities in project management. As well as, health impact assessment natural resources and environment.

2.2) Consider making recommendations to promote and protect human rights in issues of inspection HIV is used as part of the selection process for police and civil servant recruitment other parties may have similar terms.

2.3) In the case of amendments to the Act on the National Human Rights Commission, B.E. 2560 to require the NHRCT to have the power to mediate persons or agencies concerned to hold a meeting to hear Comment from experts and consider the clarity of roles and mediation actions of the NHRCT again before proposing The Cabinet will continue to take action on the relevant part.

2.4) Consider and follow up the consideration of the organic law bill on the National Human Rights Commission (No. ..) B.E. from the Cabinet.



Office of the National Human Rights Commission of Thailand

The Government Complex Commemorating His Majesty
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